

## **Basic Course Information: CS 530**

### **I. Catalog Description**

Advanced problem domains, including graph problems, pattern matching, compression, network flow and transforms. Amortized and average case analysis. Lower bounds. Approximation techniques. Probabilistic algorithms.

### **II. Required Coursework and Background**

Pre-requisite(s): CS 331 or consent of instructor

### **III. Expected Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

1. Master the principles and techniques underlying the design and analysis of efficient computer algorithms.
2. Apply specific algorithm design techniques to design good algorithms for several well-known mathematical problems
3. Analyze the resource requirements of an algorithm
4. Prove the correctness of an algorithm

Outcomes of this course will build student capacity in each of the following areas as defined by programmatic objectives for the computer science major.

- P-SLO 1. An ability to frame and model real-world problems that can be addressed computationally, and evaluate multiple computational approaches and select the most appropriate one.
- P-SLO 3. An ability to build applications, either individually or in a team, that are robust, reliable, and maintainable.

### **IV. Instructional Materials**

Texts may vary with instructor and over time. Examples of possible texts include:

- E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, Computer Algorithms, Computer Science Press, 2008
- Computers and Intractability: A Guide to the Theory of NP-Completeness by Garey and Johnson, W.H. Freeman and Company, 1979
- Tarjan, Data Structures and Network Algorithms , SIAM, 1983

### **V. Minimum Student Material**

Course textbooks

### **VI. Minimum College Facilities**

Computer laboratories, Blackboard, classroom with a projection system

### **VII. Course Outline**

Algorithm Design: Greedy algorithms, divide-and-conquer, dynamic programming, branch-and-bound, probabilistic methods.

Algorithm Analysis: Computational models, complexity measures, asymptotic notation, average, worst-case, and amortized analyses, constructing and solving recurrence relations, lower bounds, invariants and correctness proofs.

Classic Problems: Graph problems, matching and network flow, computational geometry, fast Fourier transform, sorting and searching, pattern matching, balanced tree schemes, sorting networks, data encoding, etc.

Advanced Topics: NP-complete and NP-hard problems, polynomial time restrictions, approximation schemes, parallel algorithms.

**VIII. Instructional Methods**

Lecture

Problem-solving

Discussion

Project-based learning

**IX. Evaluation of Outcomes**

A. Student Assessment

i homework assignments

ii term paper

iii exam

B. Meaningful Writing Assignment

Students shall produce written solutions or proofs to problems that are assigned as homework and explain their reasoning. Students are required to write a term paper after conducting a research study on an advanced topic of computer algorithms.

C. A Matrix of Course Student Learning Outcomes vs Methods of Assessment

If the course is being evaluated for accreditation purposes, approved department accreditation assessment tools will additionally be utilized.

Course Learning Outcomes	Methods of Assessment		
	Homework Assignments	Team Paper	Exams
Master the principles and techniques underlying the design and analysis of efficient computer algorithms.	x	x	x
Apply specific algorithm design techniques to design good algorithms for several well-known mathematical problems	x	x	x
Analyze the resource requirements of an algorithm	x	x	x
Prove the correctness of an algorithm	x	x	x