# Walks in the Quarter-Plane with Multiple Steps 

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We consider nearest-neighbor lattice walks in the positive quadrant $\left(\mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}\right)^{2}$ where step sets may contain several distinguishable steps pointing in the same direction. Let $f_{i, j, n}$ denote the number of paths starting at the origin and consisting of $n$ steps taken from the step set ending at the point $(i, j)$. We concern ourselves with the nature of the corresponding generating function $f(x, y, t)=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i, j} f_{i, j, n} x^{i} y^{j} t^{n}$. In particular, we are interested in the cases where $f(x, y, t)$ is algebraic or D-finite.

If we let $a_{u, v}$ denote the multiplicity of the direction $(u, v) \in\{-1,0,1\}^{2} \backslash\{(0,0)\}$, then we have the following simple recurrence relation for $f_{i, j, n}$ :

$$
f_{i, j, n+1}=\sum_{u, v} a_{u, v} f_{i-u, j-v, n} \quad(n \in \mathbb{N}, i, j \in \mathbb{N})
$$

We provide a partial classification models that have algebraic or D-finite generating functions. The classification is based on the so-called group of the model discussed by Fayolle, Iasnogorodski, and Malyshev in [2] and further investigated by Bousquet-Mélou in [1]. The group of the model must be dihedral, and is either of order $2 n$ for some $n \in \mathbb{N}$, or infinite. We classify the models that give rise to finite groups of order 4,6 , and 8 . This classification is presented in terms of families whose simple defining equations depend only on the multiplicities $a_{i, j}$ : for example, all models of that have a group of order 4 are characterized by the equations $a_{1,0} a_{-1,1}=a_{-1,0} a_{1,1}, a_{1,-1} a_{-1,1}=a_{-1,-1} a_{1,1}$, and $a_{1,-1} a_{-1,0}=a_{-1,-1} a_{1,0}$.

All of the models in our classification have generating functions that are either D-finite or algebraic, which we prove using orbit sum and half-orbit sum methods based on the techniques of [1]. Finally, we provide some partial results for the $G=D_{10}$ case.

## References

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