A. General Information

Name:	Christine Coleman	
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E-mail Address:	cacoleman@csupomona.edu	
Are your responses to the CDS poste	ed for reference on your institution's Web site?	Yes
f yes, please provide the URL of the http://www.csupomona.edu/~irar/data		^
analytic convention, cannot provide o	items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, r comments in general. This information will not be published fine CDS items.	
Address Information		
Name of College/University:	California State Polytechnic University, Pomona	
Mailing Address:	3801 West Temple Avenue	
City/State/Zip/Country:	Pomona, CA 91768 USA	
Street Address (if different):		
City/State/Zip/Country:		
Main Phone Number:	909-869-7659	
WWW Home Page Address:	http://www.csupomona.edu	
Admissions Phone Number:	909-869-5299	
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number		
Admissions Office Mailing Address:		
City/State/Zip/Country:		
Admissions Fax Number:		
Admissions E-mail Address:	admissions@csupomona.edu	
If there is a separate URL for your		
school's online application, please		
specify:	www.csumentor.edu	Š
		le:
If you have a mailing address other		
than the above to which application		
should be sent, please provide:		
Source of institutional control (Ch		
Public	X	
Private (nonprofit)	 	
Proprietary		
Classify your undergraduate instit Coeducational college	ution:	
Men's college		
Women's college	 	
Academic year calendar:		
Semester		
Quarter	X	
Trimester		
4-1-4		
Continuous		
Differs by program (describe):		
Other (describe):		

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

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A5	Certificate	
Α5	Diploma	
A5	Associate	
A5	Transfer Associate	
Α5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	X
A5	Postbachelor's certificate	
A5	Master's	X
A5	Post-master's certificate	
A5	Doctoral degree	
	research/scholarship	
A5	Doctoral degree –	X
	professional practice	^
A5	Doctoral degree other	

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B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2013. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

B1		FULL-TIME PART-1		FULL-TIME PART-TIN	FULL-TIME		TIME
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women		
B1	Undergraduates						
B 1	Degree-seeking, first-time						
	freshmen	1,681	1,488	58	30		
B 1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	1,148	1,016	189	134		
B1	All other degree-seeking	7,410	5,643	1,339	721		
B1	Total degree-seeking	10,239	8,147	1,586	885		
B 1	All other undergraduates enrolled						
	in credit courses	14	13	22	46		
B1	Total undergraduates	10,253	8,160	1,608	931		
B 1	Graduate						
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	110	144	138	137		
B1	All other degree-seeking	134	195	338	346		
B1	All other graduates enrolled in						
	credit courses	1	1	2	3		
B 1	Total graduate	245	340	478	486		
B 1	Total all undergraduates		•		20,952		
B1	Total all graduate			_	1,549		
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS			_	22,501		

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2013. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	under I wo or more races.			
B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	101	886	910
B2	Hispanic/Latino	1,374	7,762	7,767
B2	Black or African American, non-Hispanic	123	674	674
B2	White, non-Hispanic	604	4,504	4,506
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	6	41	41
B2	Asian, non-Hispanic	810	5,217	5,217
B2	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-			
	Hispanic	6	59	59
B2	Two or more races, non-Hispanic	138	813	813
B2	Race and/or ethnicity unknown	95	901	965
B2	TOTAL	3,257	20,857	20,952

Persistence

Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013

DJ	Mulliber of degrees awarded no	iii ouiy	1, 2012
B3	Certificate/diploma		
B3	Associate degrees		
B3	Bachelor's degrees		4203
B3	Postbachelor's certificates		
B3	Master's degrees		475
B3	Post-Master's certificates		
B3	Doctoral degrees –		
	research/scholarship		
B 3	Doctoral degrees – professional		
	practice		
B 3	Doctoral degrees – other		

Graduation Rates

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The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2013 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2007 cohort if available. If Fall 2007 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2006 cohort.

Fall 2007 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2007. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2007.

B4	Initial 2007 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	3,413
B5	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	0
В6	Final 2007 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	3,413
В7	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2011):	344
В8	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012):	834
В9	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013):	615
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	1,793
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2007 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	53%

Fall 2006 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2006. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2006.

B4	Initial 2006 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	3,138
B5	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	0
В6	Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	3,138
В7	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2010):	341
B8	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2010 and by August 31, 2011):	772
В9	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012):	487
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	1,600

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B11 Six-year graduation rate for 2006 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	
	51%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2010 cohort if available. If 2010 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2009 cohort.

2010 Cohort

B12	Initial 2010 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
	Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

2009 Cohort

B12	Initial 2009 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2009 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2012 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2012 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2013?	
		90%

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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, firstyear students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2013. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students

	minute and the contraction of th	
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	16686
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	14779
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	8172
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	8464
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	1681
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	58
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	1488
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	30

Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		X
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2013 admissions:		•
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list		
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted		
C2	Is your waiting list ranked?		

- If yes, do you release that information to students?
- **C2** Do you release that information to school counselors?

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	v
	accepted	^
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degreeseeking students?

C4	Require	X
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units
		Required	Recommended
C5	Total academic units	15	
C5	English	4	
C5	Mathematics	3	4
C5	Science	2	
C5	Of these, units that must be	2	
	lab	2	
C5	Foreign language	2	
C5	Social studies	1	
C5	History	1	
C5	Academic electives	1	
C5	Computer Science		
C5	Visual/Performing Arts	1	
C5	Other (specify)		

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Basis for Selection

C6	Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students
	with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other
	qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
,	Academic				
, '	Rigor of secondary school record	Х			
,	Class rank				X
,	Academic GPA	X			
,	Standardized test scores	X			
,	Application Essay				X
,	Recommendation(s)				X
,	Nonacademic				
,	Interview				X
,	Extracurricular activities				X
,	Talent/ability				X
,	Character/personal qualities				X
,	First generation				X
,	Alumni/ae relation				X
,	Geographical residence				X
'	State residency				X
,	Religious				X
	affiliation/commitment				^
,	Racial/ethnic status				X
'	Volunteer work				X
,	Work experience				X

SAT and ACT Policies

C8B ACT with or without Writing component accepted

C8 Entrance exams

		Yes	No
C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test		
	scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-	X	
	seeking applicants?		

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2015.

C8A			ADMISSION				
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used	
C8A	SAT or ACT	X				USEU	
C8A	ACT only						
C8A	SAT only						
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or						
	ACT						
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only						

C8B	If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for	first-time, first-yea	r, degree-seeking
	applicants for Fall 2015, please indicate which ONE of the following a	pplies: (regardless	of whether the writing
	score will be used in the admissions process):		
C8B	ACT with Writing Component required		
CSB	ACT with Writing component recommended		

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C8C	Please indicate how your institut	tion will use the SA	T or ACT writing c	omponent; check	all that apply:
C8C				SAT essay	ACT essay
C8C	For admission		Ī	X	X
C8C	For placement				
				X	X
000	For advising			^	^
	For advising				
	In place of an application essay				
	As a validity check on the				
C8C					
	No college policy as of now				
C8C					
	Not using essay component				
					•
C8D	In addition, does your institution	use applicants' te	st scores for acade	emic advising?	
C8D		Yes	No	J	
					1
	Latest date by which SAT or ACT			1/31	
C8E	Latest date by which SAT Subject	ct Test scores mus	t be received for		
	fall-term admission				
					•
C8F	If necessary, use this space to c	larify your test police	cies (e.g., if tests a	re recommended	for some
C8F		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
COL					
C8G	Please indicate which tests your insti	tution uses for place	ment (e.g., state tests	s):	
C8G	SAT			X	
C8G	ACT			X	
C8G	SAT Subject Tests			X	
C8G				X	
C8G	CLEP				<u> </u>
	Institutional Exam				
	State Exam (specify):				
000	Ciato Exam (opeony).				
		l			I

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2013 who

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	94% Nun	mber submitting SAT scores	3061
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	27% Nun	mber submitting ACT scores	862

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT Critical Reading	450	560
C9	SAT Math	470	610
	SAT Writing		
	SAT Essay		
C9	ACT Composite	20	25
C9	ACT Math	21	27
C9	ACT English	18	24
C9	ACT Writing		

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT Critical		
		Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9	700-800	1.54%	5.46%	
C9	600-699	14.90%	26.98%	
C9	500-599	40.05%	37.31%	

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0.00%

100.00%

-00	400,400	25 440/	25.020/		1
C9 C9	400-499 300-399	35.41% 7.71%	25.02% 4.97%		
C9	200-299	0.39%	0.26%		
C9	Totals should = 100%			0.000/	
C9	Totals should = 100%	ACT Composite	ACT English	0.00% ACT Math	
C9	30-36	5.45%	7.66%	11.37%	
C9	24-29	37.94%	29.23%	50.00%	
C9	18-23	45.48%	44.90%	27.15%	i e
C9	12-17	11.13%	16.24%	11.48%	
C9	12-17	11.13/0	10.24 /	11.40 /	
Ca					
	6-11	0.00%	1.97%	0.00%	
C9	Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
C10	Percent of all degree-seeking, fir	st-time, first-year (fi	reshman) students	who had high so	hool class rank
C10	Percent in top tenth of high scho	ol graduating class		N/A	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high sc	hool graduating clas	SS	N/A	
C10	Percent in top half of high schoo	I graduating class			
				N/A	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high sc	hool graduating clas	SS		
				N/A	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high	school graduating	class		
				N/A	
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-ye	ar (freshmen) stude	ents who submitted	high school	N/A
	Percentage of all enrolled, degre			nan) students who	o had high school
C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 ar	nd higher	22.82%	nan) students who	o had high school
C11 C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 ar Percent who had GPA between 3	nd higher 3.50 and 3.74	22.82% 23.86%	nan) students who	o had high school
C11 C11 C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 ar Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3	nd higher 3.50 and 3.74 3.25 and 3.49	22.82% 23.86% 21.53%	nan) students who	o had high school
C11 C11 C11 C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 ar Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3	nd higher 3.50 and 3.74 3.25 and 3.49 3.00 and 3.24	22.82% 23.86% 21.53% 18.06%	aan) students who	o had high school
C11 C11 C11 C11 C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 ar Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3	ad higher 3.50 and 3.74 3.25 and 3.49 3.00 and 3.24 2.50 and 2.99	22.82% 23.86% 21.53% 18.06% 13.15%	aan) students who	o had high school
C11 C11 C11 C11 C11 C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 ar Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3	ad higher 3.50 and 3.74 3.25 and 3.49 3.00 and 3.24 2.50 and 2.99 2.0 and 2.49	22.82% 23.86% 21.53% 18.06% 13.15% 0.58%	nan) students who	o had high school
C11 C11 C11 C11 C11 C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 ar Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3 Percent who had GPA between 3	ad higher 3.50 and 3.74 3.25 and 3.49 3.00 and 3.24 2.50 and 2.99 2.0 and 2.49 1.0 and 1.99	22.82% 23.86% 21.53% 18.06% 13.15%	nan) students who	o had high school

C12	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year	3.43
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who	99.97%

Admission Policies

Totals should = 100%

13	Aр	plic	ation	Fee
----	----	------	-------	-----

C13	Application ree		
C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?	X	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$55.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	X	

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option,
C13 Same fee:
C13 Free:

C13 Reduced:

C13		Yes	No
C13	Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	X	

C14 Application closing date

•					
C14		Yes	No		
C14	Does your institution have an				
	application closing date?	X			
C14	Application closing date (fall):	11/30			

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C14	Priority date:	

C15		Yes	No	
C15	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than		X	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16	On a rolling basis beginning	
	(date):	10/1
C16	By (date):	
C16	Other:	

C17	Reply policy for admitted appli	cants (fill in one o	nly)
C17	Must reply by (date):		•
C17	No set date:		
C17	Must reply by May 1 or within		
	3 weeks if notified		
	thereafter	X	
C17	Other:		
C17	Deadline for housing deposit (MM	//DD):	rolling
C17	Amount of housing deposit:		10/26
C17	Refundable if student does not e	nroll?	
C17	Yes, in full	X	
C17	Yes, in part		
C17	No		

C18 Deferred admission

C18		Yes	No	
C18	Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after		X	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postponement:		•	

C19

Early admission of high school students

C19		Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time,		X

C20 Common Application

Question removed from CDS.

(Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

	Yes	No
Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan		X
If "yes," please complete the following:		
First or only early decision plan closing date		
First or only early decision plan notification date		
1 Other early decision plan closing date		
Other early decision plan notification date		
For the Fall 2013 entering class:		
Number of early decision applications received by your institution		
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan		
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:		

C22 Early action

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C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are		X
C22	If "yes," please complete the following:		
C22	Early action closing date		
C22	Early action notification date		

C22 Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

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D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no,	<	
	please skip to Section E)	^	
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing		
	credit by transferring credits earned from course work	X	
	completed at other colleges/universities?		

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2013.

D2		Applicants	Admitted	Enrolled
	Applicants	Applicants	Applicants	
D2	Men	7,141	3,663	1,337
D2	Women	6,121	3,509	1,150
D2	Total	13,262	7,172	2,487

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	X
D3	Winter	X
D3	Spring	X
D3	Summer	

D4		Yes	No
D4	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of		
	credits completed or else must apply as an entering	X	
	freshman?		
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit	0 quarter units	
	of measure?		

Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

Do	indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission.					
D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
			OI All	or some		
D5	High school transcript					
D5	College transcript(s)	X				
D5	Essay or personal					
	statement					
D5	Interview					
D5	Standardized test scores					
D5	Statement of good					
	standing from prior institution(s)	X				

D6	If a minimum high school grade point average is required	
	of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.00

D7	If a minimum college grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.00

List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: Have or will complete 30 semester or 45 quarter units of GE requirements with a grade of C or better. Must include English Composition, Oral Communication, Critical Thinking and College-Level Mathematics.

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List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	11/30				
D9	Winter	6/30				
	Spring	8/31				
	Summer			<u> </u>		
D10				T V		1
D44	De ee on on on odmission no	li if non-out-od		Yes	No	
ווט	Does an open admission potransfer students?	лісу, іт герогіец,	арріу то			
	Describe additional requiren	nents for transfe	er admission, if	applicable:		
D12	Transfer Credit Policie	es				
D13	Report the lowest grade ear		rse that may			
	be transferred for credit:	1100 .0. 0,	100			
D13						
				Number	Unit Type	
D14	Maximum number of credits	or courses that	t may be			
	transferred from a two-year	institution:	-	105	quarter	
D14						<u>.</u>
				Number	Unit Type	
D15	Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year		may be	200	quarter	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			L		
D16	Minimum number of credits	that transfers m	nust complete			
	at your institution to earn an	associate degr	ee:			
D17	Minimum number of credits			1		
	at your institution to earn a l	pachelor's degre	3 e:	50		
		n. p. r				
	Describe other transfer cred	lit policies:				

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E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	
E1	Cooperative education program	X
E1	Cross-registration	X
E1	Distance learning	X
E1	Double major	X
E1	Dual enrollment	X
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	X
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	X
E1	External degree program	X
E1	Honors Program	X
E1	Independent study	
E1	Internships	X
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	
E1	Student-designed major	
E1	Study abroad	X
E1	Teacher certification program	X
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

	WOLK DITOL TO GLAUGATION.	
E3	Arts/fine arts	X
E3	Computer literacy	
E3	English (including composition)	X
E 3	Foreign languages	X
E3	History	X
E3	Humanities	X
E 3	Mathematics	X
E3	Philosophy	X
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	X
E 3	Social science	X
E3	Other (describe):	
		· · ·

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

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F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2013 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first-year	
		(freshman)	Undergraduates
		students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	1%	1%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities		2%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities		1%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	47%	12%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	53%	88%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older		17%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18	22
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	23

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

ΓZ	Activities offered identify those	progr
F2	Campus Ministries	X
F2	Choral groups	X
F2	Concert band	X
F2	Dance	X
F2	Drama/theater	X
F2	International Student	Х
	Organization	^
F2	Jazz band	X
F2	Literary magazine	
F2	Marching band	
F2	Model UN	X
F2	Music ensembles	X
F2	Musical theater	X
F2	Opera	X
F2	Pep band	X
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	X
F2	Student newspaper	X
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	X
F2	Television station	
F2	Yearbook	X
	-	

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

гэ	KOTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers Training Corps)			
F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:	X		
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:			

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution

	undergraduates at your institution	١.
F4	Coed dorms	Χ
F4	Men's dorms	
F4	Women's dorms	
F4	Apartments for married students	
F4	Apartments for single students	Χ
F4	Special housing for disabled	
	students	
F4	Special housing for international	
	students	
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	
F4	Cooperative housing	
F4	Theme housing	
F4	Wellness housing	
F4	Other housing options (specify):	

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G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

Provide 2014-2015 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2014-2015 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2014-2015 academic year costs of attendance will be available:

Subject to change throughout year

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2014-2015 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1		First-Year	Undergraduates
G1 PRIVA	TE INSTITUTIONS		
Tuition	n:	N/A	N/A
G1 PUBLI	C INSTITUTIONS		
Tuition	n:		
In-d	listrict	\$5,472	\$5,472
G1 PUBLI	C INSTITUTIONS		
In-s	tate (out-of-district):	\$5,472	\$5,472
G1 PUBLI	C INSTITUTIONS		
Out	-of-state:	\$16,632	\$16,632
G1 NONR	ESIDENT ALIENS		
Tuition	n:	\$16,632	\$16,632
		•	
G1 REQU	IRED FEES:	\$878	\$878
G1 ROOM	1 AND BOARD:		
(on-ca	mpus)	\$12,111	\$12,111
G1 ROOM	1 ONLY:		
(on-ca	mpus)	\$7,653	\$7,653
G1 BOAR	D ONLY:		
(on-ca	mpus meal plan)	\$4,458	\$4,458

G1 Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):

G1 Other:

G2		Minimum	Maximum	
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the			
	stated full-time tuition	12	20	

G3		Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g.,		V
	sophomore, junior, senior)?		^

G4		Yes	No
	Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?		X
G4		%	

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?

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G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
	Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			\$10,716
G5	Transportation	\$801	\$1,101	\$1,200
G5	Other expenses	\$1,338	\$1,338	\$1,338

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	In-district:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	In-state (out-of-district):	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	Out-of-state:	\$248.00
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	
		\$248.00

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H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2012-2013 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2012-2013 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2013-2014 estimated	2012-2013 final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:	Х	

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3 Federal methodology (FM) X
H3 Institutional methodology (IM)
H3 Both FM and IM

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$46,782,242	\$0
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$47,644,522	\$102,195
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition		
	waivers (which are reported below).	\$86,354	\$181,055
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$0	\$1,276,708
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$94,513,118	\$1,559,958
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$55,165,835	\$52,232,954
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$547,500	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$0	\$0
H1	Total Self-Help	\$55,713,335	\$52,232,954
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans	\$0	\$2,741,046
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$ 0	\$0
H1	Athletic Awards	\$0	\$586,708

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2			First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergraduate	Less Than Full-time
			Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh.)	Undergraduate
H2	a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2013 cohort)	3169	18386	2471
H2	b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	2761	14126	1212
H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	2195	12315	1087
H2	d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	2141	11898	951
H2	e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1670	9474	665
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	2066	11484	905
H2	g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	169	617	14
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	236	2164	66
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	66.2%	64.6%	55.4%
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 10,998	\$ 11,558	\$ 9,335
H2	k)	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$ 9,650	\$ 9,018	\$ 6,495
H2	I)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative</u> <u>loans</u>) of those in line f	\$ 3,432	\$ 4,380	\$ 4,825
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 3,423	\$ 4,338	\$ 4,815

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A	First-time	Full-time	Less Than
	Full-time	Undergrad	Full-time
	Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh.)	Undergrad

H2A	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	1	6	0
H2A	 Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n 		\$ 1,259	\$ 0
H2A	 Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant 	3	89	2
H2A	 q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p 		\$ 1,572	\$ 1,000

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5. and H5a.

Include: * 2013 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.

^{*} money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and	
	, , ,	
	Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent	
	loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
		46%
H4a		
	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through	
	federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized.	
	Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE:	
	exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	46%
H5	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those	
	in line H4.	\$20,508
Н5а	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those	
	in H4a, through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and	
	Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education	
	Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private	
	alternative loans and exclude parent loans.	\$19.175
	and the second and accorded part of the second seco	Ψ.σ,σ

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6 Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degreeseeking nonresident aliens:

^{*} co-signed loans.

ПС	Institutional pood board aphalarahin or grant aid is ava	ilahla		
H6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is ava Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is			
H6 H6	Institutional riori-need-based scriolarship or grant aid is Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	avaliable	X	
по	institutional scholarship of grant aid is not available			_
Н6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduat aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-sewere awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	•		
H6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awa seeking nonresident aliens:	rded to undergrad	luate degree-	
Н6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarde seeking nonresident aliens:	d to undergraduat	e degree-	
H7 H7 H7 H7 H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances Other (specify):	year financial aid	applicants must su	ubmit:
H8 H8 H8 H8 H8 H8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (free FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other (specify):		aid applicants mus	st submit:
H9 H9 H9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students: Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications prociously basis):	essed on a	X	
H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) stud	lents (answer a o	· h)·	
H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):	icino (anowei a ui		
H10	sylvadorio fiolinod off of about (dato).	Yes	No	
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:	X		
H10	If yes, starting date:			1
	, , ,		1	
H11	Indicate reply dates:			
H11	Students must reply by (date):			
H11	or within weeks of notification.			
			1	

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12 Loans

H12 FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)

H12	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	X
H12	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	X
H12	Direct PLUS Loans	X

i		
H12	Federal Perkins Loans	X
H12	Federal Nursing Loans	
H12	State Loans	
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds	X
H12	Other (specify):	

H13 Scholarships and Grants

H13 NEED-BASED:

H13	Federal Pell	X
H13	SEOG	X
H13	State scholarships/grants	X
H13	Private scholarships	X
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds	X
H13	United Negro College Fund	
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship	
H13	Other (specify):	

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

H14		Non-Need Based	Need-Based
H14	Academics	X	X
H14	Alumni affiliation	X	
H14	Art		
H14	Athletics	X	
H14	Job skills		
H14	ROTC		
H14	Leadership	X	
H14	Minority status		
H14	Music/drama		
H14	Religious affiliation		
H14	State/district residency	X	X

H15

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2013. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for

1 IPFDS/AAUP

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
11	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	516	542	1058
I1	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	193	175	368
11	c)	Total number who are women	207	212	419
11	d)	Total number who are men	309	330	639
11	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	27	4	31
	f)	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree			
11			424	164	588
	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
11		master's	84	280	364
11	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	7	90	97
	۱۱	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
11	")	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	1	8	9
	:\	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
11	J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students			

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2013 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2013 Student to Faculty ratio	25	to 1	(based on	student
				and	faculty).

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13 Undergraduate Class Size

13

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2013 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2013. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

13	Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	75	202	413	586	251	183	29	1739
			•			-	-		
13	CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	32	254	412	73	15	15	0	801

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J. DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture			4.76	1
J1	Natural resources and conservation				3
J1	Architecture			5.02	4
J1	Area, ethnic, and gender studies			0.62	5
J1	Communication/journalism			2.02	9
J1	Communication technologies				10
J1	Computer and information sciences			2.14	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education			0.31	13
J1	Engineering			17.61	14
J1	Engineering technologies			2.66	15
J1	Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			0.4	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences			1.24	19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	English			1.28	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies			3.83	24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			4.89	26
J1	Mathematics and statistics			1.57	27
J1	Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies			0.12	30
J1	Parks and recreation			2.47	31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies			0.33	38
J1	Theology and religious vocations				39
J1	Physical sciences			1.33	40
J1	Science technologies				41
J1	Psychology			4.81	42
J1	Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services				43
J1	Public administration and social services				44
J1	Social sciences			6.04	45
J1	Construction trades				46
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies				47
J1	Precision production				48
	Transportation and materials moving			Ī	49
J1	Visual and performing arts			3.45	50
J1	Health professions and related programs			1.05	51
J1	Business/marketing			30.96	52
	History			1.09	54
J1	Other				-
	TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	

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Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

* Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

* Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa. Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

* Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

* Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

* Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

* Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

- * Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.
- * Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

* Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

* On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

* **Personal counseling**: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- * Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- * Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

* Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

* Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- * Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- * Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

* Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans
Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2013-2014

There are no structural or definitional changes to **CDS for 2013-2014:** other than the incremental advancement by one for year-dependent items.