## Maximum and Minimum Values

## Question

If $f$ has a critical point at $(3,2), f_{y y}(3,2)<0$ and
$D=f_{x x}(3,2) f_{y y}(3,2)-\left(f_{x y}(3,2)\right)^{2}>0$, can you conclude that $f$ has a local maximum ( 3,2 )?
A. Yes, because $f_{x x}(3,2)$ must also be negative.
B. No, the second derivative test refers only to $f_{x x}$.
C. Yes, whenever $D>0, f$ has a local maximum.
D. No, because $f_{x x}(3,2)$ could be positive.

