## Stokes' Theorem

## Question

The vector field $\vec{F}=\frac{-y \vec{i}+x \vec{j}}{\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)}$ has $\operatorname{curl}(\vec{F})=0$ everywhere that $\vec{F}$ is defined and $C$ is the oriented circle in the plane $z=0$ shown.

$$
\text { True or False: } \int_{C} \vec{F} \cdot d \vec{r}=0 ?
$$

A. True, and I am confident
B. True, but I am not confident.


