Universal Safe Work Practices

Be Safe!

All employees should follow safe work practices to ensure that safe and healthy conditions are practiced and followed within the area under their control.





Questions and Requests for Additional Information Should be Directed to:

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CAL POLY POMONA

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Preface

This document contains a list of safe work practices for University employees which serves as a tool to assess the hazards or risks associated with different job functions. Safe work practices are group together by Job Safety Classifications. Generally, employees will fall under only one category.

To locate applicable safe work practices that are related to your specific job duties, follow these easy steps.

- Step 1: Look up your Working Title and Department in the table of contents starting on page 1, or by using the index starting on Page 38;
- **Step 2**: Turn to the corresponding page in this document. The index is sorted alphabetically by working title and department and therefore may be more useful in locating the correct page listing your safe work practices.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

PPE is a form of engineering control that helps to protect workers from work related injuries. PPE needs vary based on the hazards associated with certain jobs and some PPE which may be appropriate for one task, may not be appropriate for other tasks.

To better identify your specific PPE needs, please refer to our PPE Guide which aligns with the Job Safety Classifications identified in this document. PPE should be provided by the employer and properly maintained by the employee in alignment with all manufacturer recommendations. It is very important to ensure you are wearing the proper PPE while performing applicable work tasks. Should you have any unique hazards or have questions regarding the correct type of PPE, please contact EH&S.

Dr. Al Vasquez, Interim AVP, SERM Signature: Michael DeSalvio, M.Bt. RBP. RSO	Approval	
Michael DeSalvio, M.Bt. RBP. RSO	Signature: Dr. Al Vasquez, Interim AVP, SERM	Date:
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Notes:

- 1. Individuals working in a Laboratory with Chemicals are assigned to "Laboratory Worker-Chemical". Individuals working in a Laboratory with Infectious agents are assigned to "Laboratory Worker-Infectious", even if they use Chemicals.
- 2. Faculty in the Colleges of Agriculture, Arts, Engineering, Environmental Design, Hospitality Management, and Science please reference other Job Safety Classifications as appropriate.

Safe Work Practices for Construction Worker (10)

Department	Working Title
Environmental Design	Inst Support Tech & Faculty
Facilities Management	Carpenter
Theater & Dance	Theater Tech

Typical Hazards

Rotating or moving parts	Flammable materials (e.g. Flammable liquids, propane,
Portable power saws	etc.)
Radial arm and table saws	Airborne particles and excessive dust
Driven nailers and staplers	Materials dropping from over head racks
Heavy objects	High voltage
 Welding, metal casting, cutting, or brazing 	Heavy lifting
Welding gas leaks	Crushing due to falling objects
Chemical hazards	Improper use of ladder
Fire	Exposure to hazardous materials and other health
Combustible materials	hazards
Loud Noises	Use of industrial truck/forklift
	Limited lighting in work areas
	Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled materials, liquids, or
	a cluttered work area

Safe Workplace Conditions

- All rotating or moving parts of equipment must have the correct guarded, shield or attachment recommended by the manufacturer to prevent physical contact.
- Portable power saw blade upper half must be permanently guarded; bottom must have hinge guard.
- Radial arm and table saws must have anti-kickback devices installed.
- Exposed saw teeth must be covered by hoods or guards.
- Radial arm saws must not pass the front edge and return to the table back when released.
- All pneumatically driven nailers and staplers to be operated and maintained according to manufacturers' instructions
- Safety devices must be installed on all pneumatic nailers and staplers.
- Pneumatically driven nailers and staplers to have safety disconnect at air supply to prevent accidental disconnection.
- Operating controls and safety devices on all pneumatic nailers and staplers must not to be removed, tampered with, altered or otherwise disabled.
- Nailers and staplers to be disconnected from air supply when performing maintenance, clearing a jam.
- Machines must be turned off and locked out prior to cleaning or worn tool replacement.
- Safety guards and shields must be in place when machines are operating.
- Operators must verify at the beginning and end of shift that local exhaust system is working properly.
 (Minimum flow rate at 100 FPM.)
- Operators must notify supervisor immediately when the local exhaust system is not working properly and/or the cutting oil is not properly draining from machines.
- All machinery and equipment are to be kept clean and properly maintained.
- All manually operated valves and switches controlling the operation of equipment and a machine is to be clearly identified and readily accessible.
- Compressors are to be equipped with pressure relief valves and pressure gauges.

Construction Worker (10)

Safe Work Practices

Hand Tool Safety

- Employees must be trained in proper saw use and safety before working unsupervised.
- Safety training to be provided for employees who will utilize pneumatically driven nailers and staplers prior to initial assignment to operate tools and refresher if unsafe behavior detected or operator involved in an incident.
- Employees are not to block off or remove any guard or safety device.
- Employees must disconnect pneumatic tools from air supplies when not in use.
- Employees are not to operate a pneumatic tool within 10 feet of another worker.
- Check jacks periodically to assure they are in good operating condition.
- Tool cutting edges are to be kept sharp so the tool will move smoothly without binding or skipping.
- Tools are to be stored in a dry, secure location.
- Only authorized and trained personnel are permitted to use welding, cutting or brazing equipment.

Machine Safety

- Employees who operate power actuated tools are to be trained in their use.
- Do not operate machines with damaged or worn parts.
- · Keep floor surfaces in work area clean and dry.
- No food or drinks are allowed in the vicinity of the machines.
- Dust collectors and powered exhausts are to be used on grinders which are used in operations that produce large amounts of dust.
- Compressors are to be operated and lubricated in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- Safety devices on compressed air systems are to be checked frequently.

Ladder Safety

- Use proper ladder for the job you are doing.
- Report unsafe ladders to your supervisor.
- Face rungs when climbing a ladder, and use both hands.
- Do not use a ladder without safety feet.
- No more than one person is allowed on a ladder at one time.
- Do not splice short ladders together.
- Do not use ladders with broken or missing steps or rungs.
- Do not place ladders on boxes or other unstable bases to gain height.
- Do not place a ladder in front of a door unless the door is guarded, locked or blocked open.
- Do not place a ladder against a window.
- Always extend ladders 3 feet above roof when climbing to the roof of a building.
- Ladders shall be placed so that the side rails have secure footing.
- Tops of the ordinary types of step ladders shall not be used as steps.
- Do not climb higher than the third rung from the top on straight ladders, or the second tread from the top of step ladders.
- Ensure fall protection is used when required such as when used in combination with elevated work platforms.

Industrial Trucks/Forklifts

Only trained personnel are allowed to operate industrial trucks.

Construction Worker (10)

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Hard hats must be worn where danger of falling objects exists.
- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.
- Fall protection must be worn when a risk of falls greater than 6-feet exists.

Safe Work Practices for Copier/Press Operator (20)

Department	Working Title
Graphic Comm Services	Duplicating Machine Op

Typical Hazards

 Rotating or moving parts 	Food or drinks in the workplace
 Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled 	Chemical hazards
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	Loud noise
 Use of industrial truck/forklift 	• Fire
 Improper lifting techniques or similar 	Combustible materials
strenuous work	High voltage
Crushing due to falling objects.	Limited lighting in work areas

Safe Workplace Conditions

- All rotating or moving parts of equipment must have the correct guarded, shield or attachment recommended by the manufacturer to prevent physical contact.
- Machines must be turned off and locked out prior to cleaning or worn tool replacement.
- Safety guards and shields must be in place when machines are operating.
- Operators must verify at the beginning and end of shift that local exhaust system is working properly.
 (Minimum flow rate at 100 FPM.)
- Operators must notify the supervisor immediately when the local exhaust system is not working properly and/or the cutting oil is not properly draining from machines.
- All machinery and equipment are to be kept clean and properly maintained.
- All manually operated valves and switches controlling the operation of equipment and machines are to be clearly identified and readily accessible.

Safe Work Practices

- Do not operate machines with damaged or worn parts.
- Keep floor surfaces in work area clean and dry.
- No food or drinks are allowed in the vicinity of the machines.
- Only trained personnel are allowed to operate industrial trucks/forklifts.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.

Copier/Press Operator (20)

- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Custodial Worker (30)

Department	Working Title
Facilities Management	Custodian
Housing Services	Custodian

Typical Hazards

Propane tanks Truck lift gates	Rotating or moving parts
Gas powered pressure washer	Heavy loads
Biomedical Waste	Use of cutting devices
Biomedical Sharps	Falling heavy objects
 Hazardous fumes in laboratories 	Use of ladder
Flammable hazards	Use of machinery
Chemical hazards	Limited lighting in the working area
Loud noise	Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled materials, liquids, or
High voltage equipment	a cluttered work area
Bloodborne pathogens	Food or drinks in the workplace

Safe Workplace Conditions

- All chemicals are to be kept in labeled containers.
- Flammable or hazardous chemicals are to be kept in closed containers when not in use
- Proper storage of chemicals is to be practiced.
- Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are to be available to employees handling hazardous substances.
- All rotating or moving parts of equipment must have the correct guard, shield or attachment recommended by the manufacturer to prevent physical contact.
- All machinery and equipment are to be kept clean and properly maintained.

Safe Work Practices

- Proper lifting techniques are to be used.
- Hand carts and other mechanical stock handling equipment are to be used for heavy loads.
- Exercise care and avoid overexertion.
- Follow procedures established for spill cleanup involving chemical substances.
- Consult SDSs if the hazards associated with a chemical spill are not known.
- Exercise care in the use of cutting devices.
- Do not lift any more than one case at a time.

Ladder Safety

- Use proper ladder for the job you are doing.
- Report unsafe ladders to your supervisor.
- Face rungs when climbing a ladder, and use both hands.
- Do not use a ladder without safety feet.
- No more than one person is allowed on a ladder at one time.
- Do not splice short ladders together.
- Do not use ladders with broken or missing steps or rungs.
- Do not place ladders on boxes or other unstable bases to gain height.
- Do not place a ladder in front of a door unless the door is guarded, locked or blocked open.
- Do not place a ladder against a window.
- Always extend ladders 3 feet above roof when climbing to the roof of a building.
- Ladders shall be placed so that the side rails have secure footing.
- Tops of the ordinary types of step ladders shall not be used as steps.

Custodial Worker (30)

• Do not climb higher than the third rung from the top on straight ladders, or the second tread from the top of step ladders.

Machine Safety

- Employees who operate power actuated tools are to be trained in their use.
- Do not operate machines with damaged or work parts.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Driver (40)

Department	Working Title
Behavioral Science	Mobile Driver
Facilities Management	Vanpool Driver

Typical Hazards

Unfavorable weather conditions	Distractive driving conditions

Safe Workplace Conditions

- Do not operate a cellular phone while driving unless hands-free and only when absolutely necessary.
- Obey all traffic laws and avoid aggressive drivers
- Change lanes cautiously, especially in larger vehicles
- Drive cautiously in inclement weather conditions as visibility and road conditions may be hazardous

Safe Work Practices

- Seat belts and shoulder harnesses shall be worn at all times.
- Individuals shall only ride in vehicle seats. Riding in cargo or other areas is prohibited.
- Do not exceed the speed limit safe for driving and road conditions.
- Practice defensive driving.
- Park in legal spaces and not obstruct traffic.
- Park in well-lit areas.
- Vehicle should be locked when unattended.
- Do not consume alcoholic beverages or use any intoxicating substance prior to or during work.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work-related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

Personal Protective Equipment

• Seat belts and shoulder harnesses are to be worn at all time.

Safe Work Practices for Electronics Worker (50)

Department	Working Title
Elect & Computer Engineering	Equipment Tech & Faculty
Computer Science	Equipment Tech & Faculty
I&IT	Data Control Tech
I&IT	Equipment Tech
I&IT	Engineer / Operator
I&IT	Production Specialist

Typical Hazards

Moving parts of equipment	Chemical hazards
Welding	Fire
 Hazardous fumes exposure, explosion 	Combustible materials
and/or asphyxiation from welding gases	Loud noise
Grinding wheels	High voltage equipment
Energized circles	Heavy lifting
Welding parts	Heavy falling objects
 Welding, metal casting, cutting, and/or 	Food or drinks in the workplace
brazing	Hazardous materials or health hazards
 Explosion and asphyxiation hazard from 	Dimly illuminated work areas
welding gas leaks	Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled materials, liquids, or
Using ladders	a cluttered work area

Safe Workplace Conditions

- Welding area ventilation hood must be working properly during welding operations.
- Grinding wheels shall be equipped with properly adjusted safety shields and tool rests

Safe Work Practices

- Machines must be turned off and locked out during maintenance, unless specifically approved and as directed by the supervisor.
- Only qualified employees designated by the supervisor are permitted to work on energized circuits.
- Welding must be done under the ventilation hood.
- Parts being welded must be clean and dry.
- Employees must not climb to heights without use of approved ladders and safety belts.
- Employees shall exercise care in lifting, torquing and similar strenuous work.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.

Electronics Worker (50)

- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Engineering Worker (60)

Department	Working Title
Ag Eng/Irr Science	Equipment Tech & Faculty
College of Engineering	Inst Support Tech
Aerospace Engineering	Equipment Tech & Faculty
Ind. & Mfg Engineering	Equipment Tech & Faculty
Mechanical Engineering	Equipment Tech & Faculty

Typical Hazards

Rotating or moving parts	Combustible materials
Hazardous fumes in welding area	Loud Noises
Grinding wheels	High voltage equipment
Welding, metal casting, cutting, or brazing	Heavy lifting
Explosion and asphyxiation hazard from	Falling heavy objects
welding gas leak	Use of ladders
 Climbing to heights with approved ladders 	Food or drinks in the workplace Low illuminated work
and safety belts	areas
Chemical hazards	Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled materials, liquids, or
• Fire	a cluttered work area

Safe Workplace Conditions

- Welding area ventilation hood must be working properly during welding operations.
- Grinding wheels shall be equipped with properly adjusted safety shields and tool rests

Safe Work Practice

- Machines must be turned off and locked out during maintenance, unless specifically approved and as directed by the supervisor.
- Only qualified employees designated by the supervisor are permitted to work on energized circuits.
- Welding must be done under the ventilation hood.
- · Parts being welded must be clean and dry.
- Employees must not climb to heights without use of approved ladders and safety belts.
- Employees shall exercise care in lifting, torquing and similar strenuous work.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.

Engineering Worker (60)

- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Equipment Operator/Material Handler (70)

Department	Working Title
Facilities Management	Heavy Equipment Operator
Proc & Sup Services	Light Equipment Operator
Mail Services	Warehouse Worker

Typical Hazards

Rotating or moving parts	Moving multiple case loads of pallets
 Hazardous fumes in welding area 	Use of pallet lift or forklift
Grinding wheels	Use of mechanic material handling equipment
Welding parts	Chemical hazards
Handling of heavy loads	Fire
 Welding, metal casting, cutting, and/or 	Combustible materials
brazing	Loud Noises
 Explosion and asphyxiation hazard from 	Use of cutting devices
welding gas leak	Chemical spills
Climbing to heights	Use of ladders
Heavy lifting	Climbing to heights
Falling heavy objects	Food or drinks in the workplace
 Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled 	Dimly illuminated work areas
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	Operating machines

High voltage equipment

Safe Workplace Condition

- Welding area ventilation hood must be working properly during welding operations.
- Grinding wheels shall be equipped with properly adjusted safety shields and tool rests
- Hand carts and other mechanical stock handling equipment shall be available for heavy loads.
- Cutting devices in good condition shall be provided to employees.

Safe Work Practice

- Machines must be turned off and locked out during maintenance, unless specifically approved and as directed by the supervisor.
- Only qualified employees designated by the supervisor are permitted to work on energized circuits.
- Welding must be done under the ventilation hood.
- Parts being welded must be clean and dry.
- Employees must not climb to heights without use of approved ladders and safety belts.
- Employees shall exercise care in lifting, torquing and similar strenuous work.
- Employees must keep floors clean, dry and free of oil.
- Employees shall not lift any more than one case at a time.
- Proper lifting techniques shall be used (back injury prevention training is required for employees in this job safety class).
- Multiple case loads must be placed on pallets and moved with a pallet lift (walkie) or by a forklift.
- Employees operating mechanical material handling equipment must be qualified by training and authorized by the area supervisor to do so.
- Part cases must be stacked no more than four (4) cases on a pallet and no more than three (3) pallets high.
- Forklifts shall be used to lower pallets to floor level to pick single cases.

Equipment Operator/Material Handler (70)

- Employees shall not ride forklift forks to pick orders.
- Employees shall apply techniques on proper lifting on which they have been trained.
- Employees shall use hand carts and other mechanical stock handling equipment for heavy loads.
- Employees shall exercise care and avoid overexertion.
- Spills shall be cleaned up immediately; floors shall be maintained in a dry condition.
- Employees must follow procedures established for spill cleanup involving chemical substances.
- Employees shall consult MSDSs if they do not know the hazards associated with chemical spills.
- Employees shall exercise care in use of cutting devices.

Safe Work Practice

- Employees shall use proper lifting techniques and avoid overexertion when lifting packages.
- A hand cart shall be used for heavy loads.
- Seat belts and shoulder harnesses shall be worn at all times.
- Employees shall not exceed the speed limit safe for conditions.
- Employees shall practice defensive driving.
- Employees shall park in legal spaces and not obstruct traffic.
- Delivery employees shall not consume alcoholic beverages or use any intoxicating substance prior to or during work.
- Vehicle should be locked when unattended to avoid criminal misconduct.
- Drivers should park in well-lighted areas and/or near entrances to avoid criminal misconduct.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

Equipment Operator/Material Handler (70)

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Hard hats must be worn where danger of falling objects exists.
- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Equipment Worker (80)

Department	Working Title
Athletics	Coach
Kinesiology	Ath Equip Tech & Faculty
Music	Equipment Tech

Typical Hazards

 Trip, slip, or fall from spilled materials, 	Loud noises
liquids, or a cluttered work area	High voltage equipments
 Low illumination in work areas 	Operating machines
Use of ladder	Heavy lifting
 Working in areas with limited ventilation 	Falling heavy objects
Fire	 Exposure to hazardous materials or health/chemical
 Storing excessive combustibles in work 	hazards
areas	Use of power carts, tractor, forklift, or any other vehicles

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Field/Grounds Worker (90)

Department	Working Title
Hort/Plant & Soil Sci	Nursery Tech & Faculty
Hort/Plant & Soil Sci	Crop Tech
Facilities Management	Groundsworker
Facilities Management	Tree Trimmer

Typical Hazards

Rotating or moving parts	Chemical hazards
 Use of tractors or other vehicles 	Fire
 Use of hand-held tools 	Combustible materials
 Exposure to various power engines and 	Loud Noises
tools	High voltage equipments
Exposure to power lines	Bites and stings from pests
 Refueling of vehicles, engines, and other 	Snake, animal, or severe insect stings
tools	Heavy lifting
Fuel vapor inhalation	Falling heavy objects
Use of pesticides	Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards
Use of ladders	·

Safe Workplace Condition

- Tractors shall have roll over bars installed.
- Seat belts must be installed on tractors.
- Tractors shall have positively locking brakes.
- All moving part on tractors, power take-offs and other equipment must be guarded.
- Hand-held tools must be kept in good condition.
- Short-handled hoes are not permitted for cultivation.
- Appropriate first aid supplies must be available.

Safe Work Practice

- Employees must wear seat belts when operating tractors.
- Parking brakes must be set when leaving equipment.
- Employees must not remove or tamper with guards.
- No one may ride with equipment operator unless the rider is being trained or assisting and the rider is in a safe location.
- Operator must make sure the equipment is clear before starting up.
- Engines and power sources must be deactivated before performing maintenance service.
- Equipment must stay more than 20 feet from power lines.
- · Vehicles must be turned off when refueled.
- Smoking is not permitted during refueling.
- Fuel vapor inhalation shall be avoided.
- No employee may use pesticides unless trained and approved by the supervisor.
- Pesticides shall be mixed per label instructions and training.
- Symptoms of pesticide poisoning shall be reported to the supervisor immediately.
- Employees shall not enter pesticide-treated fields until the pesticide is dry or settled, or according to posted re-entry intervals.

Field/Grounds Worker (90)

- Employees shall avoid stooping or squatting to the extent possible.
- Employees shall be trained about biting and stinging pests that are prevalent in the area.
- Employees must notify the supervisor of any snake or animal or severe insect stings.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Hard hats must be worn where danger of falling objects exists.
- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.
- Pesticide applicators must wear required safety equipment (gloves, respirators, and clothing, as appropriate).

Safe Work Practices for Food Handler (100)

Department	Working Title
Hotel & Restr Mgmt	Faculty
Human Nutr & Food Sci	Faculty

Typical Hazards

Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled	• Fire
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	Combustible materials
 Low illuminated work areas 	High voltage equipments
Use of ladders	Heavy lifting
 Work areas with low ventilation 	 Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards
Chemical hazards	Severe burns

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.

Safe Work Practices for Laboratory Worker-Chemical (110)

Department	Working Title
Animal & Vet Science ¹	Inst Support Tech & Faculty
Equine Res/Vet Clinic ¹	Inst Support Tech & Faculty
Hort/Plant & Soil Sci	Inst Support Tech & Faculty
Biological Science ¹	Inst Support Tech & Faculty
Chem & Mat Engineering	Equipment Tech & Faculty
Chemistry	Inst Support Tech & Faculty
Civil Engineering	Equipment Tech & Faculty
Geological Science	Equipment Tech & Faculty
Physics	Equipment Tech & Faculty
Physics	Inst Support Tech
Physics	Technician

Notes:

 Individuals working in a Laboratory with Chemicals are assigned to "Laboratory Worker-Chemical". Individuals working in a Laboratory with Infectious agents are assigned to "Laboratory Worker-Infectious", even if they use Chemicals.

Typical Hazards

•	Working	in areas	with	restricted	ventilation
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- Exposure to compressed gas cylinders
- Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area
- Chemical hazards
- Fire
- Combustible materials
- Hazardous waste collecting and processing
- Chemicals or glassware falling off shelves in event of an earthquake
- Spill cleanups involving hazard chemical substances
- Use of ladders
- Work areas with poor illumination
- Use of various tools and equipment
- Exposure to mortar and pestles
- Cutting, grinding, shaping
- Use of drill

Safe Workplace Condition

- Cylinders are to be legibly marked to clearly identify the gas contained.
- Compressed gas cylinders are to be stored in areas which are protected from external heat sources.
- Valve protectors are to be placed on cylinders when not in use or connected to use.

Safe Work Practice

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.

Laboratory Worker-Chemical (110)

- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor and EH&S at x4697.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and activate the fire alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishers shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Open-toed shoes are not permitted in the lab.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Laboratory Worker-Infectious (115)

Department	Working Title
Animal & Vet Science ¹	Individuals Using Infectious
Equine Res/Vet Clinic ¹	Substances (e.g. Bacteria,
Biological Science ¹	Viruses, etc.)
Student Health Center	Laboratory Tech

Notes:

 Individuals working in a Laboratory with Chemicals are assigned to "Laboratory Worker-Chemical". Individuals working in a Laboratory with Infectious agents are assigned to "Laboratory Worker-Infectious", even if they use Chemicals.

Typical Hazards

- Working in areas with restrictive ventilation
- Exposure to compressed gas cylinders
- Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area
- Chemical hazards
- Fire
- Exposure to stored combustibles in work areas
- Hazardous waste collecting and processing

- Chemicals or glassware falling off shelves in event of an earthquake
- Spill cleanup involving chemical substances
- Use of ladders
- Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards
- Restricted lighting in work areas
- Use of tools and equipment
- Exposure to mortar and pestles that may cause potential sparking
- · Cutting, grinding, shaping
- Use of drill

Safe Workplace Condition

- Cylinders are to be legibly marked to clearly identify the gas contained.
- Compressed gas cylinders are to be stored in areas which are protected from external heat sources.
- Valve protectors are to be placed on cylinders when not in use or connected to use.

Safe Work Practice

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor and EH&S at x4697.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishers shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.

Laboratory Worker-Infectious (115)

- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.
- Ensure all sharps are properly accumulated and handled as medical waste
- Never attempt to re-cap a syringe or needle
- Never handle contaminated sharps with your bare hands
- Ensure use of a proper disinfectant for decontaminating surfaces and cleaning up spills
- Confine use to infectious materials to a biosafety cabinet whenever possible
- Utilize absorbent spill mats to help contain spills and reduce the risk of aerosol formation.
- Never stop a centrifuge from rotating- ensure the centrifuge is always properly balanced.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Closed-toe shoes are not permitted in the lab.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Livestock Worker (120)

Department	Working Title
Arabian Horse Center	Livestock Tech & Faculty
Animal & Vet Science	Livestock Tech & Faculty

Typical Hazards

Animal hazard	Use of ladders
 Approaching, handling, leading, tying, 	Working in poorly ventilated areas
grooming, starting and groundwork of	• Fire
horses	Hazardous waste collecting and processing
 Objects around the horses 	Stored combustibles in work areas
 Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled 	Operating equipment
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	Heavy lifting
 Poorly illuminated work areas 	Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards

Safe Workplace Condition

Safe Work Practice

- Horse Safety
 - Approaching
 - Always speak to your horse before approaching or touching him. Some horses are likely to jump and may kick when startled.
 - Always approach your horse from the front or side. If he's turned away from you, call to him or
 entice him with a treat to get him to come to you. Never approach your horse directly from the rear.
 - Handling
 - When working around your horse, tie him securely with a quick-release knot.
 - Always let a horse know what you intend to do.
 - Never stand directly behind a horse or directly in front of him.
 - o Be calm, confident, and collected around horses. A nervous handler can make a nervous horse.
 - Leading
 - When leading your horse, walk beside him not ahead or behind. A position even with the horse's head or halfway between the horse's head and shoulder is considered safest.
 - Use a long lead shank and both hands when leading a horse.
 - It is customary to lead from the left (near) side of a horse, using the right hand to hold the lead, near the halter. The excess portion of the lead should be folded, figure-eight style.
 - The horse is stronger than you, so don't try to out-pull him.
 - Never wrap the lead shank of a horse or reins around your hand, wrist, or body.
 - Tying
 - Tie your horse far enough away from strange horses so they cannot fight.
 - Tie your horse with a rope long enough to allow comfortable movement but short enough to avoid becoming tangled or getting a foot over the rope.
 - Never tie your horse by the reins as he may pull back and break the reins or injure his mouth Always use a halter.
 - Be sure to tie to an object that is strong and secure to avoid the danger of breaking or coming loose
 if the horse pulls back. Never tie below the level of the horse's withers.

Livestock Worker (120)

 Tie to a post set in the ground, not to a rail on a fence. If a horse has broken loose once, he is more likely to pull back again.

Groundwork

- When handling the horse, always lead from the horse's left side with the lead rope in the right hand.
 The excess lead may be carried in your left hand to prevent it from dragging on the ground.
 Remember to always approach the horse from its left side.
- The lead rope of a horse should not be looped or coiled around your hand or any other part of your body. Never tie the lead to your body or rest it around your neck or shoulders. This can be very dangerous.
- When leading the horse, you should position yourself between the horse's head and shoulder approximately 1-2 feet away from the horse's body. Most horses will not step on you on purpose, but they do not watch where they put their feet. Remember to stay out of the way of the horse's feet.

Safe Work Practice

- Always tie the horse with a slipknot or safety knot, with about 1.5-2 feet of lead between the horse's head and the knot. Don't allow too much slack, as the horse can get a leg tangled in the lead.
- When grooming the horse, never stand directly in front or behind the horse. Let the horse know
 your position by talking to it or placing a hand on its body. Try to keep your movements smooth and
 deliberate so as not to startle the horse.
- When moving to the horse's opposite side, move closely behind the horse. During this movement, you should talk to the horse while you place a hand on the horse's hindquarters, so it is aware of your position.
- Don't allow yourself to get stuck between a rock and a hard place. Keep your body out of tight places, such as between the horse and a wall, or other fixed objects.
- When working around the horse, always protect your head. Keep it out of the way of moving legs, or a horse's swinging head. Never move underneath the home.
- All equipment should be on the same side the handler is working on to avoid damage or injury to the equipment, the horse, or to you.
- Do not throw objects around the horses. Also, try to avoid fast movements and/or loud noises.
- Treats/rewards may be fed to the horse, but safety is a must. Be aware of the horse's mouth and keep fingers out of the way of the horse's teeth.
- When placing a horse back in the stall, stay on the left side. Turn the horse so it is facing the door before removing the halter. This allows you to exit without having to move around the horse's hip, and blocks the door to prevent an escape.
- o If a horse becomes nervous when left alone, or hard to handle, it may be placed back in the stall or pen. If this is too much for you to handle, ask someone in charge for help.
- If a horse resists and/or pulls back, move with the horse and keep your body out of the way if the horse is struggling.
- If an emergency occurs, remain calm and do net panic. If you or the horse becomes injured, report it immediately!

Safety Precautions

- Always check the girth on a horse to make sure that it is tight before you put your foot in the stirrup.
- Do not let horses touch each other.
- Do not reach under the horse to pick up a dropped item; kick the item clear of the horse's legs.
 Then, carefully bend over to pick it up.
- o Take hold of your horse's reins BEFORE you mount.
- When working around horses, do not wrap any piece of equipment around any part of your body.
- o Have an instructor check your equipment before you mount your horse.
- o Remember that your horse will look to you in an emergency, so if you can stay calm, you and your

Livestock Worker (120)

horse will fare better.

- Emergency Position
 - In order to have the full knowledge of horse riding safety, one must learn the "Emergency Position." The Emergency Position will help you protect yourself from falling off if your horse is going too fast, or if you feel like you are out of control. Here are the 4 steps of the Emergency Position:
 - 1. Put your feet forward
 - 2. Lean-back
 - 3. Pull back on reins
 - 4. Say "whoa" in a firm controlled voice

As stated before, these four steps will help you if your horse gets out of control, and is good for managing difficult situations. This technique is only helpful for a situation where a horse is moving forward. If your horse is moving backward, it is crucial that you push your hands to the horse's mane to safely regain control.

Safe Work Practice

- Arena Etiquette
 - Always mount and dismount in the center of the arena, out of the way of horse traffic working on the rail.
 - Always pass another horse toward the middle of the ring (do
 - o not try to squeeze past another horse which is on the rail).
 - The horse that is moving at the faster speed is responsible for passing slower horses (always on the inside).
 - Keep a safe distance between you and the horse in front of you.
 - If a horse parts company with its rider, stop your horse and quietly walk your horse into the middle
 of the arena and stand quietly until the other person's horse is caught.
 - When you are asked to change (reverse) direction, you can turn your horse toward the rail or make a small circle toward the middle of the arena, but look around before turning toward the middle of the arena so you do not cut off another rider.
 - Generally, try to ride with the flow of horse traffic. If you are riding in an arena where a horse is riding in the opposite direction, the animal that is moving at the faster speed will usually pass on the side which is closest to the middle of the arena, but in case of indecision, pull your right rein and announce to the oncoming rider which direction you are moving (toward the rail or toward the middle of the arena, whichever is appropriate).

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.

Livestock Worker (120)

- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

Personal Protective Equipment

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be work to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.

- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Horse Safety
 - Personal Protective Equipment
 - Helmet and boots are required for riding horses.
 - When working around your horse, wear boots or hard-toed shoes to protect your feet. Never wear tennis shoes, flip-flops or go barefoot.

Safe Work Practices for Maintenance Worker (130)

Department	Working Title
Housing Services	Building Maintenance Wkr
Facilities Management	Building Service Engineer
Facilities Management	Electrician
Facilities Management	Locksmith
Facilities Management	Painter
Facilities Management	Plumber
Facilities Management	Skilled Laborer

Typical Hazards

Fire

I rip, slip, or fall nazards from spilled	•	Hazardous waste collecting and processing
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	•	Loud Noises
 Low illuminated work areas 	•	Stored combustibles in work areas
Use of ladder	•	Operating equipment
 Working in poorly ventilated areas 	•	Lifting heavy weights

Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards

Safe Workplace Condition

Safe Work Practice

- Do not begin work on or enter any excavation deeper than 5 feet unless a permit has been issued by Cal/OSHA.
- Walls of trenches and excavations must be shored, benched or sloped to avoid cave-ins.
- Spoils piles must be no closer than 2 feet from the edge of any excavation.
- A safe means of egress must be constructed every 35 feet.
- Excavations shall not be dug near building foundations, walls and sidewalks.
- Physical barriers shall be erected around excavations.
- Before digging, USA must be contacted if underground utilities are possible, and property owners asked to identify hidden utilities.
- Excavations shall proceed slowly for the first 6 feet while a spotter checks for possible utilities.
- Do not ride in power shovels, backhoe buckets or other equipment not designed for this purpose.
- Use proper ladder for the job you are doing.
- Report unsafe ladders to your supervisor.
- Face rungs when climbing a ladder, and use both hands.
- Do not use a ladder without safety feet.
- No more than one man is allowed on a ladder at one time.
- Do not splice short ladders together.
- Do not use ladders with broken or missing steps or rungs.
- Fall protection must be implemented when risk of a potential fall of 6-feet or more may be apparent.

Maintenance Worker (130)

- Do not place ladders on boxes or other unstable bases to gain height.
- Do not place a ladder in front of a door unless the door is guarded, locked or blocked open.
- Do not place a ladder against a window.
- Always extend ladders 3 feet above roof when climbing to the roof of a building.
- Ladders shall be so placed that the side rails have secure footing.
- Tops of the ordinary types of step ladders shall not be used as steps.
- Do not climb higher than the third rung from the top on straight ladders, or the second tread from the top of step ladders.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Hard hats must be worn where danger of falling objects exists.
- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Mechanic (140)

Department	Working Title
Facilities Management	Auto Mechanic

Typical Hazards

Handling of lifts and/or hoists	Heavy lifting
	, ,
Rotating or moving parts	Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled materials, liquids, or
Poorly ventilated areas	a cluttered work area
Welding, metal casting, cutting, and/or	Pallet lift and forklift use
brazing	Chemical hazards
 Explosion and asphyxiation hazard from 	• Fire
welding gas leak	Falling heavy objects

- Oil products
- Hazardous fumes in welding area
- Grinding wheels
- Use of hand carts for heavy loads
- Climbing to heights with the use of approved ladders and safety belts
- Stored combustibles in work areas
- Loud noisesUse of cutting devices
- Spill cleanup involving chemical substances
- Exposure to hazardous materials and other health hazards

Safe Workplace Condition

- Machines must be turned off and locked out prior to cleaning or replacement of a worn tool.
- Safety guards and shields must be in place when machines are operating.
- Operators must verify at the beginning and end of shift that ventilation system is working properly (gauge at 100).
- Operators must notify maintenance immediately when:
 - The ventilation system is not working properly.
 - The cutting oil is not properly draining from machines.

Safe Work Practice

- Do not operate machines with damaged or worn cutting tools.
- Keep floor surfaces in work area clean and dry.
- No food or drinks are allowed in the vicinity of the machines.
- Employees must keep floors clean, dry and free of oil.
- Employees shall not lift any more than one case at a time.
- Proper lifting techniques shall be used (back injury prevention training is required for employees in this job safety class).
- Multiple case loads must be placed on pallets and moved with a pallet lift (walkie) or by a forklift.
- Employees operating mechanical material handling equipment must be qualified by training and authorized by the area supervisor to do so.
- Part cases must be stacked no more than four (4) cases on a pallet and no more than three (3) pallets high.
- Forklifts shall be used to lower pallets to floor level to pick single cases.
- Employees shall not ride forklift forks to pick orders.

Mechanic (140)

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Media Operator (150)

Department	Working Title
I&IT Learning	Inst Support Asst
I&IT Learning	Media Production Specialist
I&IT Learning	Camera Operator/Editor
I&IT Learning	Inst Support Asst
I&IT Learning	TV Technician

Typical Hazards

Trip, slip, or fall from spilled materials,	Hazardous waste collecting and processing
liquids, or a cluttered work area	Electrocution or explosion of light bulb from changing
Poor illumination in work areas	studio lights
Use of ladder	Use of computers
Working in poorly ventilated areas	Stored combustibles in work areas
Chemical hazards	Heavy lifting
• Fire	 Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.

Safe Work Practices for Medical Worker (160)

Department	Working Title
Student Health Center	Physician
Student Health Center	Nurse (RN,RNP,LVN)

Typical Hazards

 Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled 	Hazardous waste collecting and processing
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	Biohazards
 Insufficient illuminated work areas 	Electrocution or explosion of light bulb from changing
Use of ladder	studio lights
 Working in areas without appropriate 	Stored combustibles in work areas
ventilation system	Heavy lifting
Chemical hazards	 Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards
Fire	Bloodborne pathogens

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Office Worker (170)

Department	Working Title
Counsel & Psy Services	Counselor
Disability Resource Center	Interpreters
Library Services	Librarian
Public Safety	Dispatchers
All Departments	Administrators
All Departments	Clerical/Secretarial
Colleges	Faculty ²

Notes:

 Faculty in the Colleges of Agriculture, Arts, Engineering, Environmental Design, Hospitality Management, and Science please reference other Job Safety Classifications as appropriate.

Typical Hazards

Use of computers	Insufficient work place ventilation
 Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area 	Chemical hazardsStored combustibles in work areas
 Insufficient illumination in work areas 	Lifting
 Use of file cabinet drawers 	Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards
Use of ladders	
• Fire	

Safe Workplace Condition

- For Video Display Terminal (VDT) work stations, background and screen lighting shall be compatible and adjustable. "No glare" screens shall be available.
- VDT screen positions should be adjustable.
- Chairs should be adjustable.
- Keyboards should be adjustable.
- Work stations shall be designed to minimize musculoskeletal injury, including adjustable equipment to the extent feasible.
- Work station design shall consider background lighting levels and other measures to reduce vision strain.

Safe Work Practice

- Workplaces should be kept free of debris, floor storage and electrical cords.
- Adequate aisle space shall be maintained.
- Employees must exercise caution in moving about the office.
- File cabinet drawers shall be opened one at a time and closed when work is finished.
- Care should be exercised in closing file drawers to avoid pinching the employee's or other employees' fingers.
- When carrying loads, care should be exercised to avoid overexertion and strain.
- Employees shall use rest periods provided to relax eyes and body.
- Employees shall follow training on preventing problems associated with VDT use.
- Work stations shall be kept free of debris and storage, especially floor surfaces.

Office Worker (170)

- Floor surfaces shall be maintained clean and dry; spills must be cleaned up immediately.
- Employees shall be trained on the hazards of musculoskeletal trauma and how to avoid this type of injury.
- Employees must report all unsafe conditions and symptoms of injury to their supervisor.

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishers shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

Personal Protective Equipment

All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.

Safe Work Practices for Photography Worker (180)

Department	Working Title
Art	Slide Curator
College of Env Design	Slide Curator
I&IT	Photographer
I&IT	Graphic Artist

Typical Hazards

Irip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled	Chemical hazards
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	Fire
 Insufficient illumination in work areas 	Hazardous waste collecting and processing
General office hazards	Stored combustibles in work areas
Use of ladder	Lifting
 Work areas with insufficient ventilation 	Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards

Safe Work Practice

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.

Safe Work Practices for Public Safety Worker (190)

Department	Working Title
Parking & Transportation	Parking Officer
Public Safety	Police Officer

Typical Hazards

Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled	•	Chemical hazards
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	•	Fire
Insufficient illumination in work areas	•	Stored combustibles in work areas
Use of ladders	•	Lifting
 Working in areas with insufficient ventilation 	•	Bloodborne pathogens
-		-

Safe Workplace Condition

Safe Work Practice

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.

Public Safety Worker (190)

- Hard hats must be worn where danger of falling objects exists.
- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Radiation Worker (200)

Department	Working Title
Student Health Center	X-Ray Tech
Physics/Biology	Radioactive material user

Typical Hazards

Radiation (x-rays)	Working in areas with insufficient ventilation
Chemical hazards	• Fire
Trip, slip, or fall hazards from spilled	 Hazardous waste collecting and processing
materials, liquids, or a cluttered work area	 Stored combustibles in work areas
 Insufficient illumination in work areas 	Lifting
Use of ladders	 Exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards

Safe Workplace Condition

Safe Work Practice

Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled

hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

Safe Work Practices for Safety Worker (210)

Department	Working Title
Env Health & Safety	All titles except clerical

Typical Hazards

 Trip, slip, or fall Working in dimly illuminated work areas Use of file cabinet drawers Use of ladders Chemical hazards Biohazards 	 Fire Radioactive materials General office hazards Hazardous waste collecting and processing Lifting
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Standard Safe Work Practices/Conditions

- All worksites should be kept clean and orderly.
- Work areas should be properly illuminated.
- The work area's ventilation system should be appropriate for the work being performed.
- Spilled materials or liquids must be cleaned up immediately.
- The top step of ordinary stepladders should not be used as a step.
- Tools and equipment used by employees at their work station should be in good condition.
- Broken or damaged tools/equipment should be repaired or replaced as necessary.
- Report all unsafe conditions to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- Report all work related accidents, injuries and illnesses to the supervisor or safety coordinator.
- In the event of fire, call the supervisor and sound the alarm.
- Upon hearing the alarm, stop work safely, turn off machine and evacuate to the appointed location.
- Fire extinguishes shall be kept clear at all times.
- Only trained and identified workers may attempt to respond to a fire or other emergency.
- Suitable fire extinguishing equipment is to be available for immediate use.
- Exits shall be kept unblocked, well-lit and unlocked during work hours.
- Do not store excessive combustibles (paper) in work areas.
- Aisles and hallways shall be kept clear at all times.
- No horseplay or use of intoxicating substances is allowed on the premises.
- No food/drink is allowed in areas where there is an exposure to hazardous materials or health hazards.
- No smoking is allowed in University buildings or vehicles.
- Use handrails on stairs and escalators.

- Goggles or face shields must be worn where there is any danger of flying particles or corrosive materials.
- Safety glasses are required to be worn at all times in areas where there is risk of eye injuries such as punctures, abrasions, contusions or burns.
- Protective gloves, aprons, shields or other means must be worn to guard against cuts, corrosive liquids and chemicals.
- Hard hats must be worn where danger of falling objects exists.
- Foot protection is required where there is risk of foot injuries from hot, corrosive, poisonous substances, falling objects, crushing or penetrating actions.
- All protective equipment must be maintained in a sanitary condition and ready for use.
- Eye wash facilities and a quick drench shower must be available and maintained within a work area where employees are exposed to injurious corrosive materials.
- Hearing protection must be worn when sound levels exceed those of the Cal/OSHA noise standard.
- Adequate work procedures, protective clothing and equipment must be used when cleaning up spilled hazardous or otherwise hazardous materials or liquids.

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Working Title	Department	Job Safety Classification	Job Safety Number	Page
Administrators	All Departments	Office Worker	170	36
Ath Equip Tech	Kinesiology & Health Prom	Equipment Worker	80	18
Auto Mechanic	Facilities Management	Mechanic	140	32
Auto Mechanic	Hort/ Plant & Soil Sci	Mechanic	140	32
Building Maintenance Wkr	Facilities Management	Maintenance Worker	130	30
Building Maintenance Wkr	Housing Services	Maintenance Worker	130	30
Building Service Engineer	Facilities Management	Maintenance Worker	130	30
Camera Operator/Editor	I&IT Learning	Media Operator	150	34
Carpenter	Facilities Management	Construction Worker	10	3
Clerical/Secretarial	All Departments	Office Worker	170	36
Coach	Athletics	Equipment Worker	80	18
Counselor	Counsel & Psy Services	Office Worker	170	36
Crop Tech	Hort/Plant & Soil Sci	Field/Grounds Worker	90	19
Custodian	Facilities Management	Custodial Worker	30	8
Custodian	Housing Services	Custodial Worker	30	8
Data Control Tech	I&IT	Electronics Worker	50	11
Director	Env Health & Safety	Safety Worker	210	42
Dispatcher	Public Safety	Office Worker	170	36
Duplicating Machine Op	Graphic Comm Services	Copier/Press Operator	20	6
Electrician	Facilities Management	Maintenance Worker	130	30
Engineer/Operator	I&IT	Electronics Worker	50	11
Environmental Specialist	Env Health & Safety	Safety Worker	210	42
Equipment Tech	Aerospace Engineering	Engineering Worker	60	13
Equipment Tech	Ag Eng/Irr Science	Engineering Worker	60	13
Equipment Tech	Chem & Mat Engineering	Engineering Worker	110	22
Equipment Tech	Civil Engineering	Engineering Worker	110	22
Equipment Tech	Computer Science	Electronics Worker	50	11
Equipment Tech	Elect & Computer Eng	Electronics Worker	50	11
Equipment Tech	Geological Science	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Equipment Tech	I&IT	Electronics Worker	50	11
Equipment Tech	Ind & Mfg Engineering	Engineering Worker	60	13
Equipment Tech	Mechanical Engineering	Engineering Worker	60	13
Equipment Tech	Music	Equipment Worker	80	18
Equipment Tech	Physics	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Faculty	Aerospace Engineering	Engineering Worker	60	13
Faculty	Ag Eng/Irr Science	Engineering Worker	60	13
Faculty	Animal & Vet Science ¹	Laboratory Worker	110 or 115	22 or 24
Faculty	Animal & Vet Science	Livestock Worker	120	26
Faculty	Arabian Horse Center	Livestock Worker	120	26

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Working Title	Department	Job Safety Classification	Job Safety Number	Page
Faculty	Biological Science ¹	Laboratory Worker	110 or 115	22 or 24
Faculty	Chem & Mat Engineering	Engineering Worker	110	22
Faculty	Chemistry	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Faculty	Civil Engineering	Engineering Worker	110	22
Faculty	Computer Science	Electronics Worker	50	11
Faculty	Elect & Computer Eng	Electronics Worker	50	11
Faculty	Environmental Design	Construction Worker	10	3
Faculty	Equine Res/Vet Clinic ¹	Laboratory Worker	110 or 115	22 or 24
Faculty	Geological Science	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Faculty	Hort/ Plant & Soil Sci	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Faculty	Hort/Plant & Soil Sci	Field/Grounds Worker	90	19
Faculty	Hotel & Restr Mgmt	Food Handlers	100	21
Faculty	Human Nutr & Food Sci	Food Handlers	100	21
Faculty	Ind & Mfg Engineering	Engineering Worker	60	13
Faculty	Kinesiology & Health Prom	Equipment Worker	80	18
Faculty	Mechanical Engineering	Engineering Worker	60	13
Faculty	Physics	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Faculty ²	Colleges	Office Worker	170	36
Gardener	Facilities Management	Field/Grounds Worker	90	19
Graphic Artist	I&IT	Photography Worker	180	38
Ground worker	Facilities Management	Field/Grounds Worker	90	19
HazMat Specialist	Env Health & Safety	Safety Worker	210	42
Heavy Equipment Operator	Facilities Management	Equipment Operator/Material Handler	70	15
Industrial Hygienist	Env Health & Safety	Safety Worker	210	42
Inst Support Asst	I&IT Learning	Media Operator	150	34
Inst Support Asst	I&IT Learning	Media Operator	150	34
Inst Support Tech	Animal & Vet Science ¹	Laboratory Worker	110 or 115	22 or 24
Inst Support Tech	Biological Science ¹	Laboratory Worker	110 or 115	22 or 24
Inst Support Tech	Chemistry	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Inst Support Tech	College of Engineering	Engineering Worker	60	13
Inst Support Tech	Environmental Design	Construction Worker	10	3
Inst Support Tech	Equine Res/Vet Clinic ¹	Laboratory Worker	110 or 115	22 or 24
Inst Support Tech	Hort/ Plant & Soil Sci	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Inst Support Tech	Physics	Laboratory Worker	110	22

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Working Title	Department	Job Safety Classification	Job Safety Number	Page
Interpreters	Disability Resource Center	Office Worker	170	36
Laboratory Tech	Student Health Center	Laboratory Worker	115	24
Librarian	Library Services	Office Worker	170	36
Light Equipment Operator	Proc & Sup Services	Equipment Operator/Material Handler	70	15
Livestock Tech	Animal & Vet Science	Livestock Worker	120	26
Livestock Tech	Arabian Horse Center	Livestock Worker	120	26
Locksmith	Facilities Management	Maintenance Worker	130	30
Media Production Specialist	I&IT Learning	Media Operator	150	34
Mobil Driver	Behavioral Science	Driver	40	10
Nurse(RN,RNP,LVN)	Student Health Center	Medical Worker	160	35
Nursery Tech	Hort/Plant & Soil Sci	Field/Grounds Worker	90	19
Painter	Facilities Management	Maintenance Worker	130	30
Parking Officer	Parking & Transportation	Public Safety Worker	190	39
Pharmacist	Student Health Center	Medical Worker	160	35
Photographer	I&IT	Photography Worker	180	38
Physician	Student Health Center	Medical Worker	160	35
Plumber	Facilities Management	Maintenance Worker	130	30
Police Officer	Public Safety	Public Safety Worker	190	39
Production Specialist	I&IT	Electronics Worker	50	11
Senior Safety Coordinator	Env Health & Safety	Safety Worker	210	42
Skilled Laborer	Facilities Management	Maintenance Worker	130	30
Slide Curator	Art	Photography Worker	180	38
Slide Curator	College of Env Design	Photography Worker	180	38
Technician	Physics	Laboratory Worker	110	22
Theater Tech	Theater & Dance	Construction Worker	10	3
Trainer	Athletic Department	Medical Worker	160	35
Tree Trimmer	Facilities Management	Field/Grounds Worker	90	19
TV Technician	I&IT Learning	Media Operator	150	34
Vanpool Driver	Facilities Management	Driver	40	10
Warehouse Worker	Mail Services	Equipment Operator/Material Handler	70	15
X-Ray Tech	Student Health Center	Radiation Worker	200	41

Notes:

- 1. Individuals working in a Laboratory with Chemicals are assigned to "Laboratory Worker-Chemical". Individuals working in a Laboratory with Infectious agents are assigned to "Laboratory Worker-Infectious", even if they use Chemicals.
- 2. Faculty in the Colleges of Agriculture, Arts, Engineering, Environmental Design, Hospitality Management, and Science please reference other Job Safety Classifications as appropriate.